

Neutron capture cross section measurements on short-lived isotopes

PI: Sean Liddick

CoPI: Artemis Spyrou

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MICHIGAN STATE
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Science

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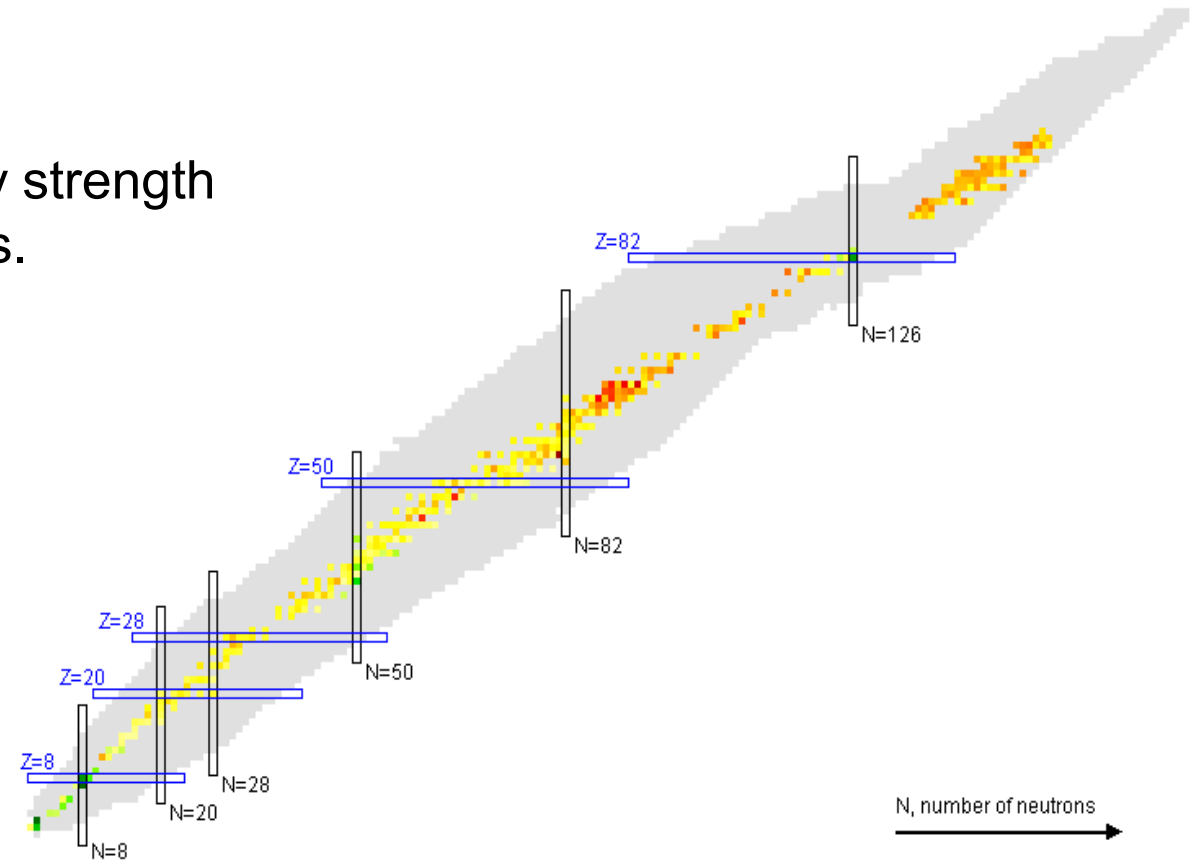
Neutron capture cross section measurements on short-lived isotopes

■ Scientific Challenge

- Constrain neutron capture cross sections of short-lived nuclei for stewardship science and astrophysical production of heavy elements.

• Goals

- Investigate the spin dependence of the γ -ray strength function using the β decay of isomeric states.
- Constrain neutron capture cross sections of interest for stockpile stewardship approaching ^{95}Zr and i-process nuclei
- Train graduate students and postdoctoral researchers in nuclear science techniques and connect them with staff at the national laboratories.



Neutron capture cross section measurements on short-lived isotopes

- **PI: Sean Liddick**
Associate Prof. Facility for Rare Isotope Beams and Department of Chemistry
- **Co-PI: Artemis Spyrou**
Professor Facility for Rare Isotope Beams and Department of Physics and Astronomy
- **One graduate student and one postdoc supported:**
 - Eleanor Ronning (MSU, graduate student)
 - Sivahami Uthayakumaar (MSU, postdoctoral researcher)
 - Debra Richman (MSU, graduate student)
 - Erin Good (MSU, postdoctoral researcher → PNNL postdoc)
 - Andrea Richard (MSU, postdoctoral researcher → LLNL postdoc)
 - Katherine Childers (MSU, graduate student → Texas A&M University 2021 → RSL)
 - Rebecca Lewis (MSU, graduate student → NNSA GFP Summer 2019 → startup)
 - Benjamin Crider (postdoctoral researcher → MissSU Assistant Professor)
 - Mallory Smith (MSU, postdoctoral researcher → staff NSCL)



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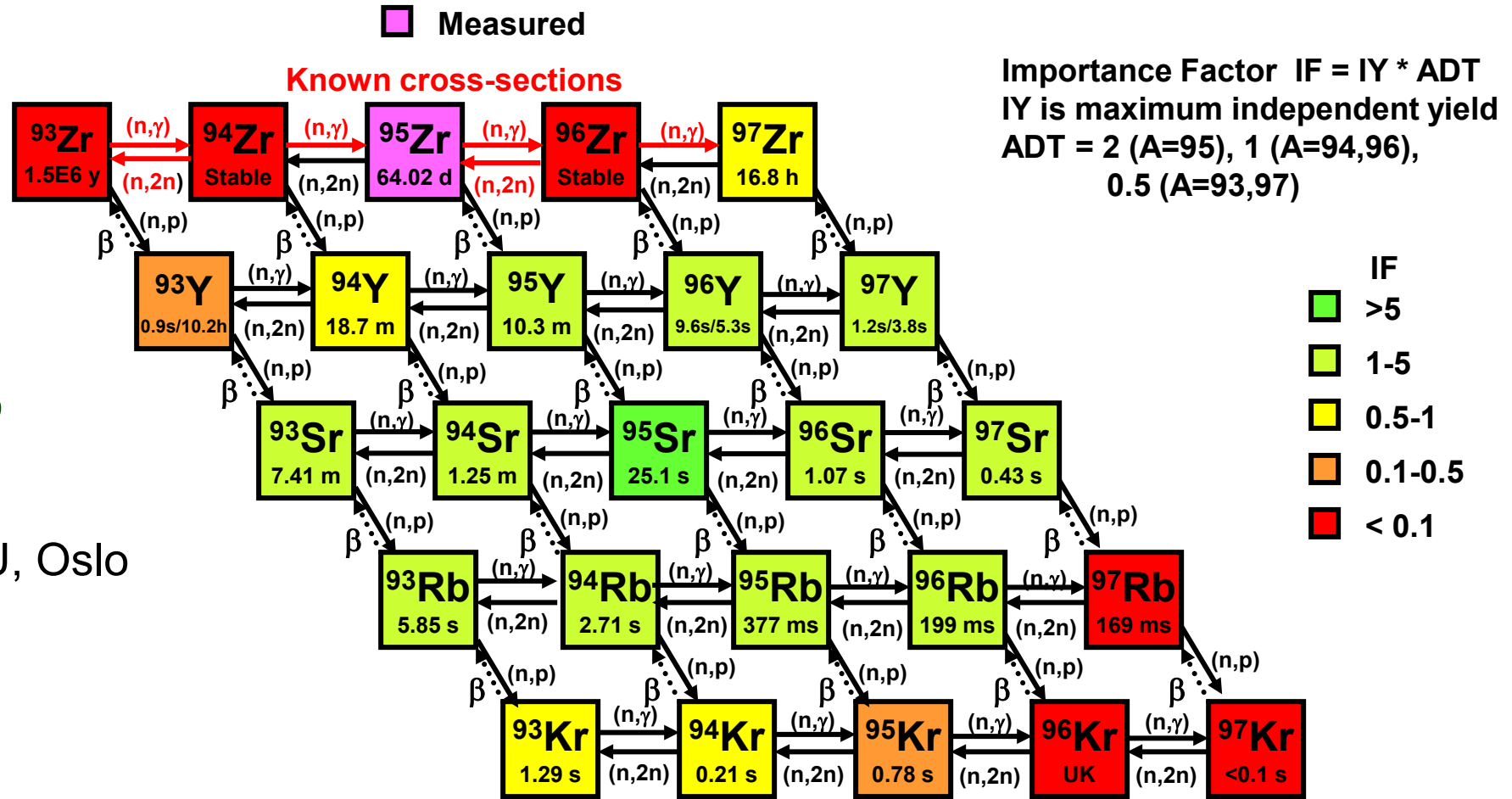
- **Peer-reviewed papers**

- R. Lewis *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J, 59, 42 (2023)
- D. Mucher *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 107, L011602 (2023)
- F. Naqvi *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **1018**, 122359 (2022)
- A. Tsantiri *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 107, 035808 (2023)
- A. Palmisano-Kyle *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 105, 065804 (2022)
- A.C. Dombos *et al.*, PRC **103**, 025810 (2021)
- J. Gombas *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **103**, 035803 (2021)
- C.F. Persch *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **103**, 055808 (2021)
- M. Wiedeking *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **104**, 014311 (2021)
- M. Guttormsen *et al.*, Acta. Phys. Pol. B **51**, 667 (2020)
- A. Spyrou, Annals of Physics **412**, 168017 (2020)
- W.J. Ong *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett **125**, 262701 (2020)
- S.N. Liddick, *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **100**, 024624 (2019)
- A. Voinov, *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **99**, 054609 (2019)
- R. Lewis *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **99**, 034601 (2019)
- A.C. Dombos *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **99**, 015802 (2019)
- A.C. Larsen *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **97**, 054329 (2018)
- A. Spyrou, A.C. Larsen, S.N. Liddick *et al.*, J. Phys. G **44**, 044002 (2017)



Significant laboratory engagement on scientific program: one example - Neutron capture needs for diagnostics: ^{95}Zr

- ^{95}Zr can be used as a yield indicator.
- However, ^{95}Sr is short lived and can't be made into a target.
- UCB, LLNL, MSU, Oslo collaboration.

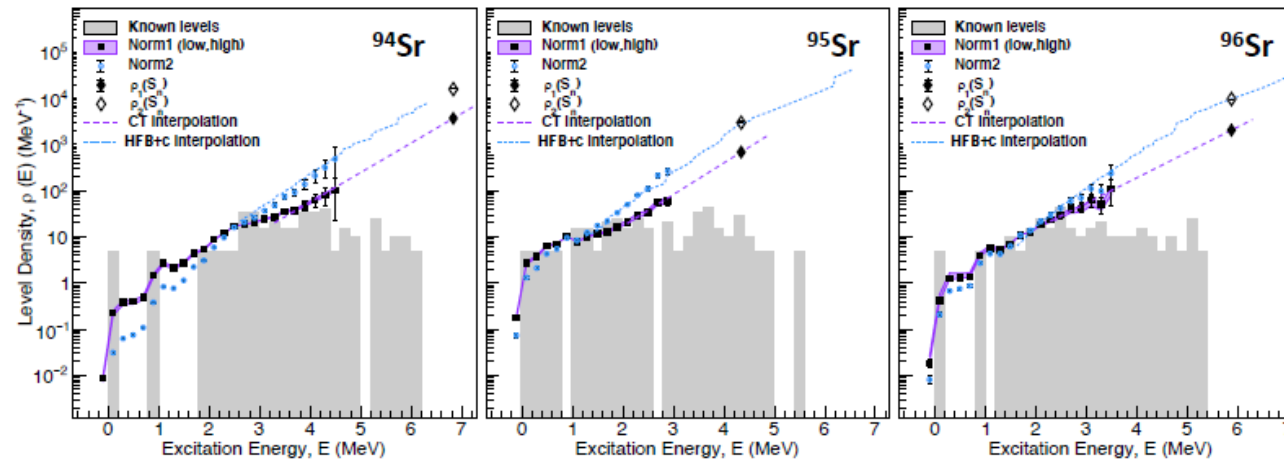


Courtesy M. Stoyer (LLNL)



Decay of $^{93,94,95}\text{Rb}$: Providing (n,γ) for $^{92,93,94}\text{Sr}$

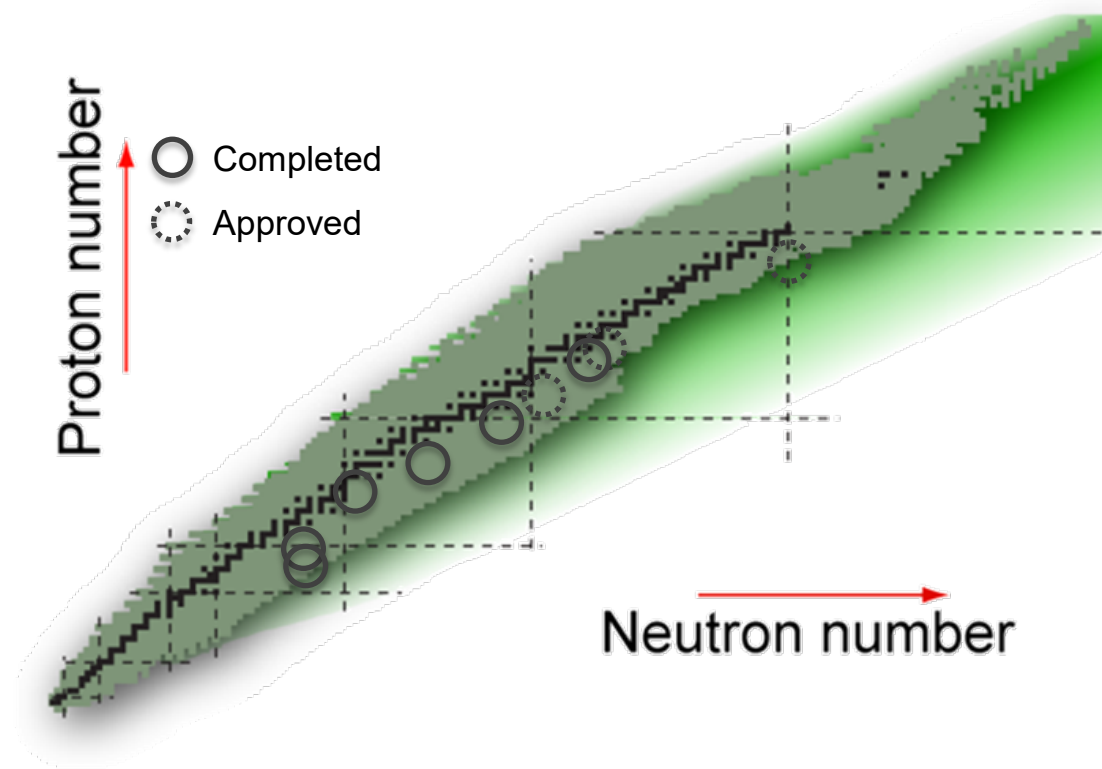
- Experiment to deliver thermal $^{93,94,95}\text{Rb}$ in Nov. 2021 at ANL CARIBU facility.
- Moving tape collector and interior plastic scintillator completed previously.
- High-intensity nearly pure beams of Rb isotopes enable high statistics TAS measurement of Sr isotopes
- β -decay populates above Sn and β -delayed neutron branch is significant (9-13%)
- Analysis ongoing by Adriana Sweet (LLNL). Previous analysis $^{92}\text{Sr}(n,\gamma)$ submitted



- NORM 1 → Auxiliary data: Global systematics are fit to semi-empirical $\rho(S_n)$ for Rb, Sr, Y, & Zr nuclei
- NORM 2 → Microscopic approach to normalizing the NLD resulted in an estimated $\rho(S_n)$

Strong scientific program focused on rapid-neutron capture process, slow neutron capture process, and stewardship science.

- Inferring neutron capture cross sections on short-lived nuclei receiving strong support from NSCL and ANL Program Advisory Committee.



Approved

A. Spyrou (MSU):

Constraints on neutron-capture reactions around $N=82$

A. Spyrou (MSU):

Constraining neutron capture rates for r-process nuclei with the $N=126$ factory

A. Richard (LLNL):

Constraining i-process nucleosynthesis in the Nb-Ru region

A. Richard (LLNL):

Neutron capture constraints for the astrophysical i-process

Completed

S. Liddick (MSU):

New technique for neutron capture cross section measurements on short-lived nuclei

A. Spyrou (MSU):

Constraints on nucleosynthesis in the iron region

A. Spyrou (MSU) /

S. Liddick (MSU): Constraining supernova models with SuN

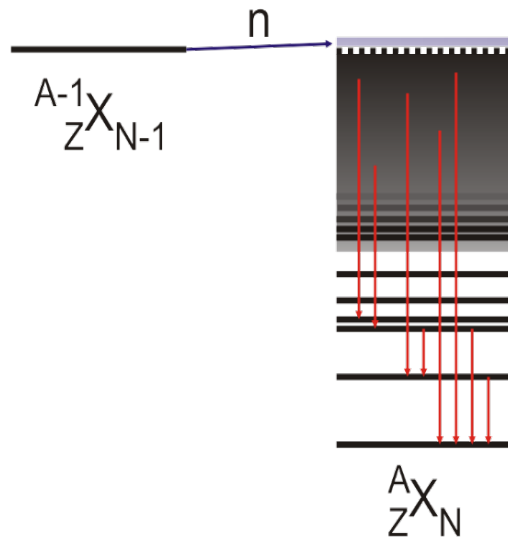
N. Scielzo (LLNL):

Determination of the ^{92}Sr neutron-capture cross section and fission product burn up. –

A. Spyrou (MSU):

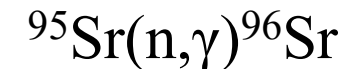
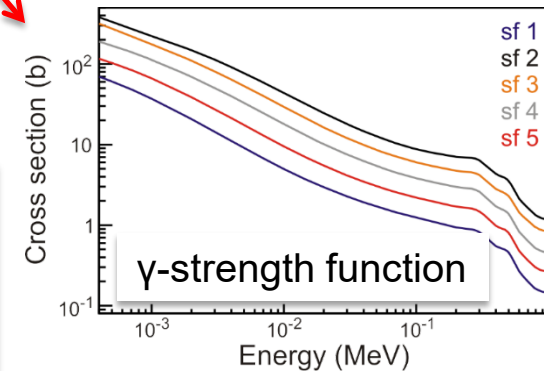
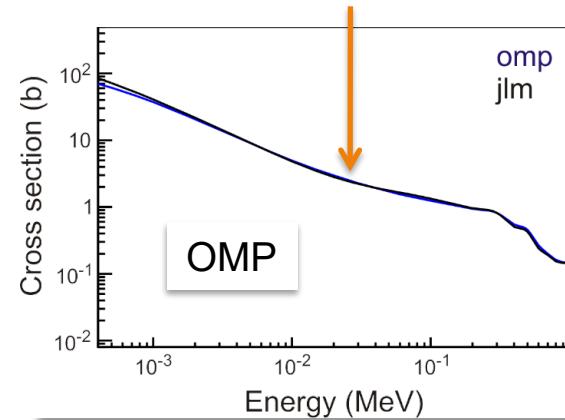
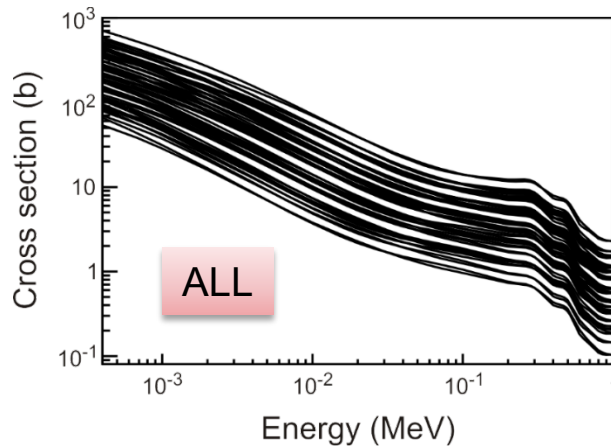
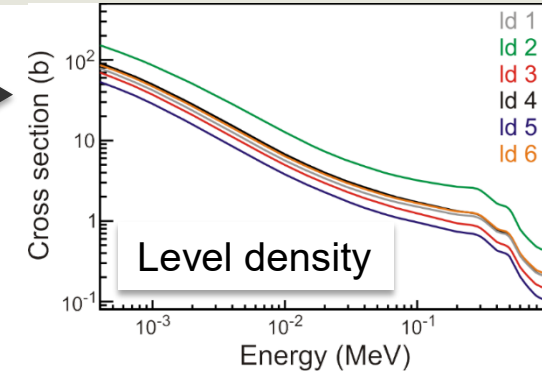
Study of Kr isotopes for astrophysical applications.

Nuclear level densities and γ -ray strength functions are the dominate uncertainties in (n, γ) calculations



Hauser – Feshbach

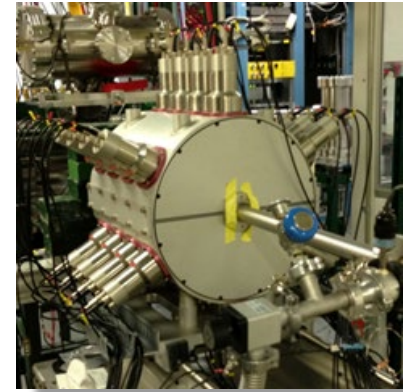
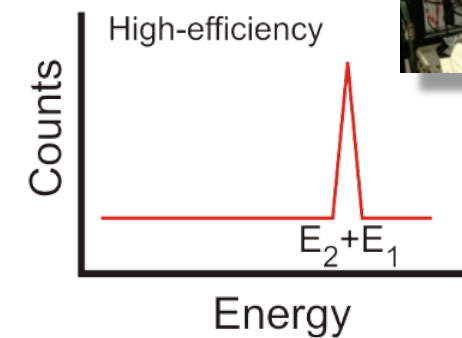
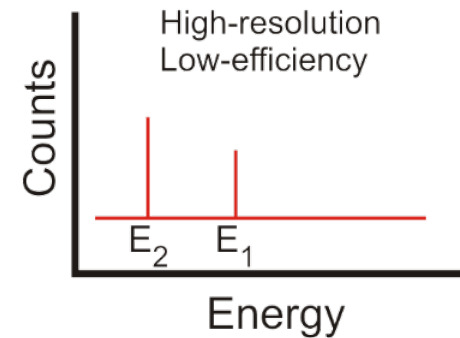
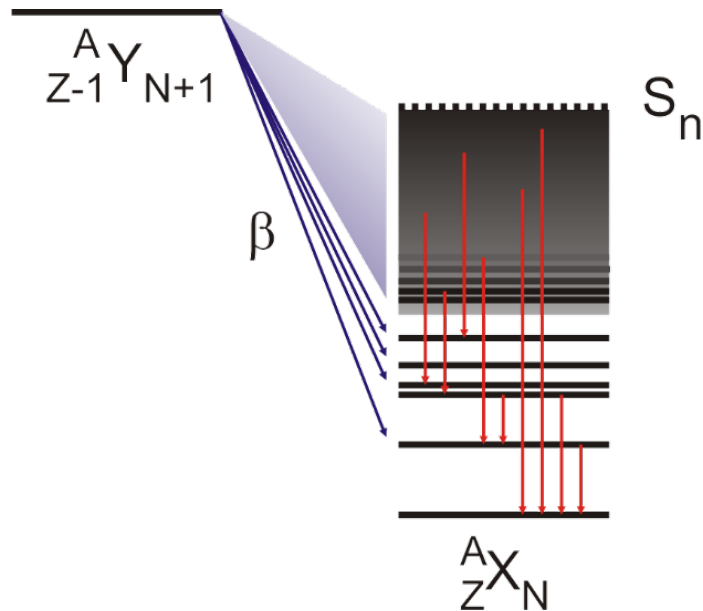
- Nuclear Level Density
Constant T+Fermi gas, back-shifted Fermi gas, superfluid, microscopic
- γ -ray strength function
Generalized Lorentzian, Brink-Axel, various tables
- Optical model potential
Phenomenological, Semi-microscopic



TALYS

Using beta decay total absorption spectroscopy to infer neutron capture cross sections

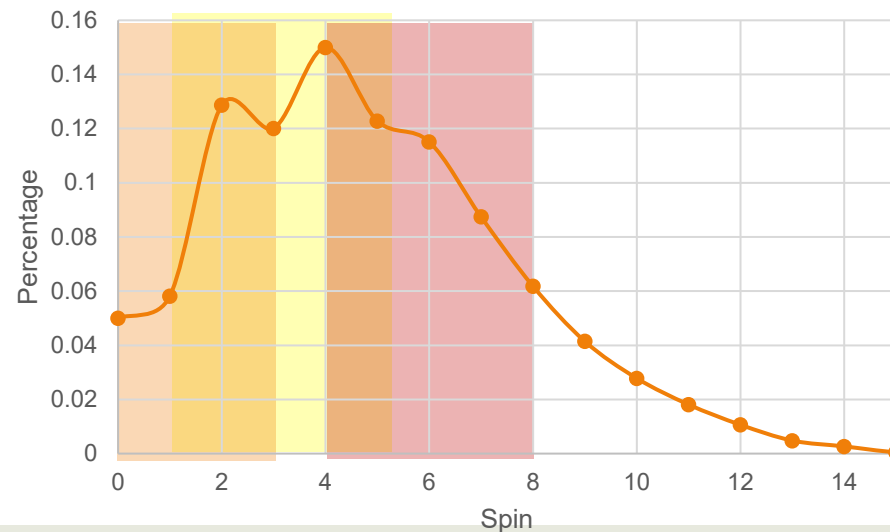
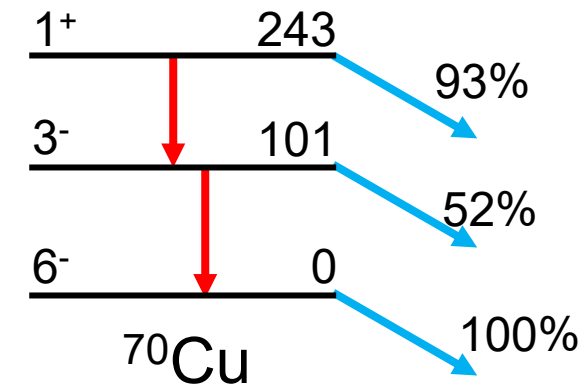
- Measure beta decay of nucleus.
 - Extract level densities and gamma-ray strength function
- Need total excitation energy of the daughter isotope.
 - Can't use beta-decay electron (three body process)
- Instead, measure total emitted photon energy.



- Require high detection efficiency.
- Extract nuclear level density and γ -ray strength function.
- Insert both quantities into a statistical reaction model to constrain (n,γ) rate.

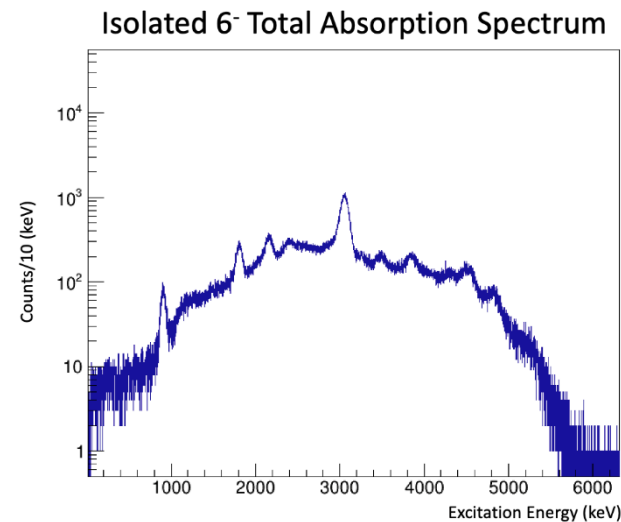
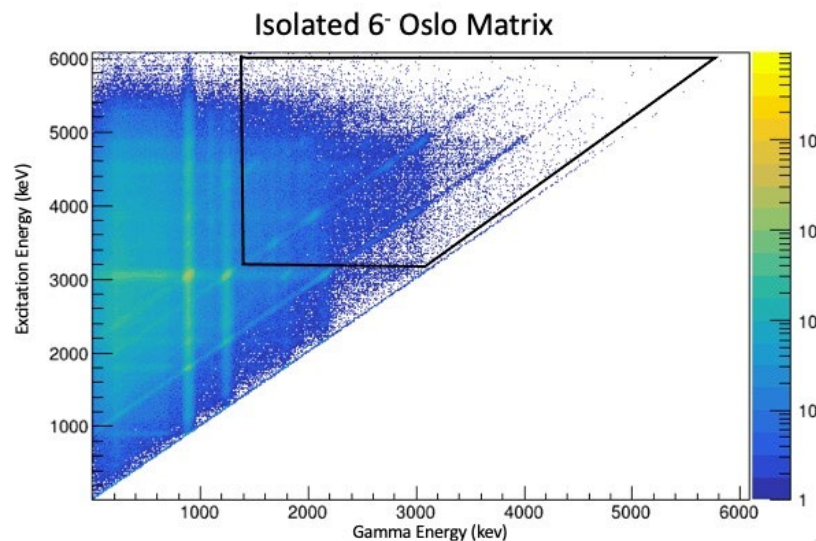
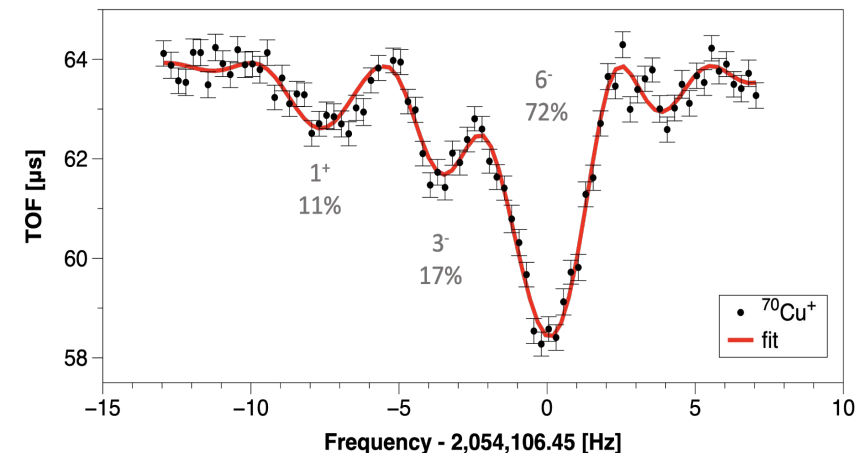
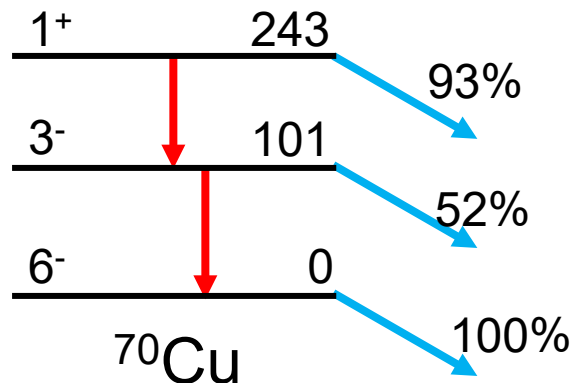
Testing Spin Independence of γ SF: Decay of ^{70}Cu isomeric states over a wide spin range

- Test the independence of the γ SF from different initial spin distributions.
- ^{70}Cu has three different isomeric states.
- Experiment completed Feb. 2024, analysis is ongoing.
- Work ongoing with funded student (E. Ronning).

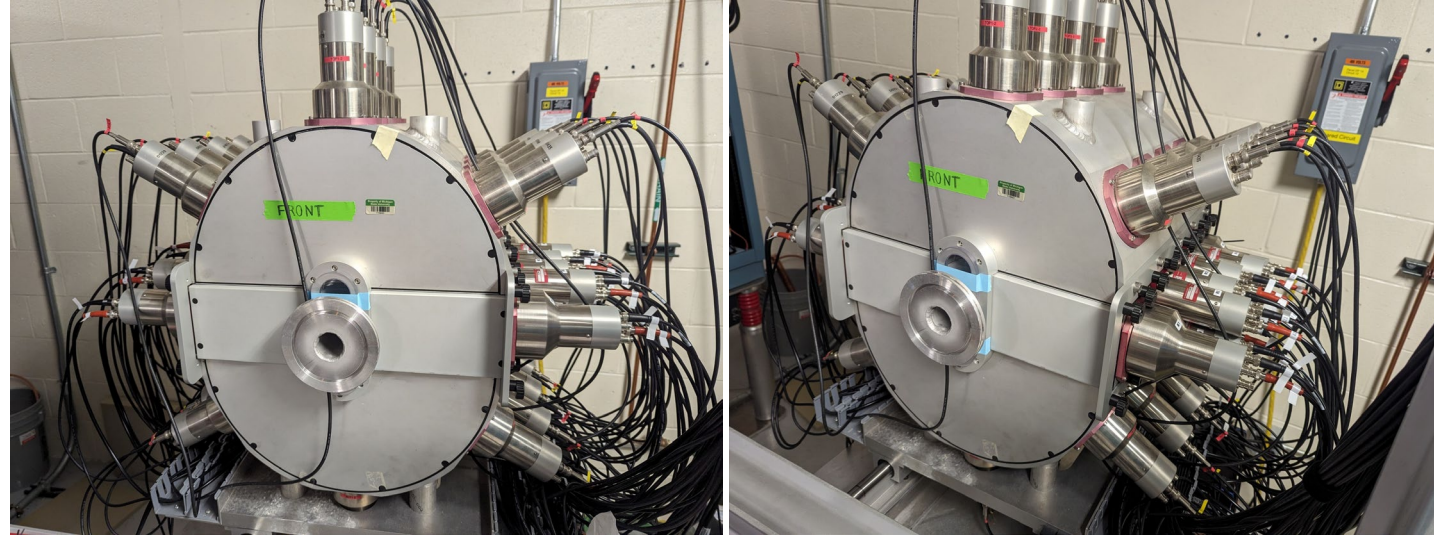
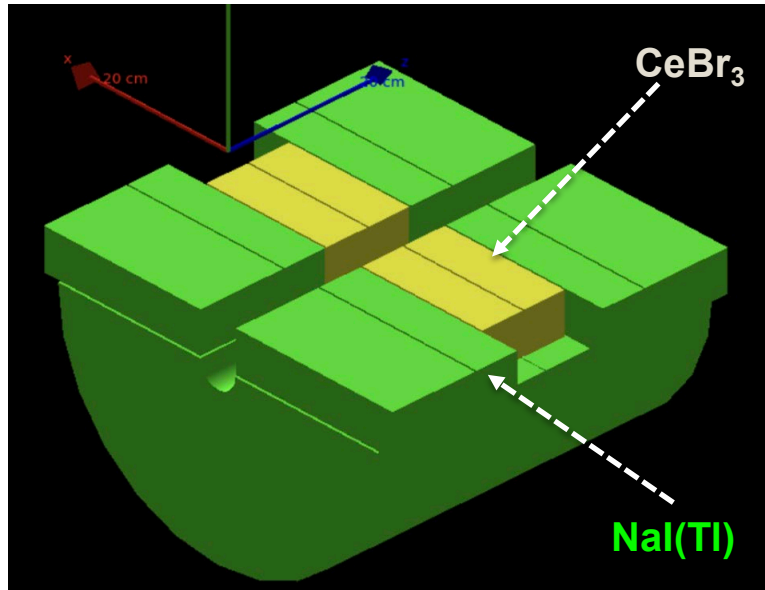


^{70}Cu beta decay as a probe of the spin independence of the γSF

- Multiple isomeric states produced.
- 6^- ground state cleanly separated
- Ran beam on/beam off cycle of 6/7 minutes



Upgrades to existing detector: SuN++



- SuN++ commissioned during last LEBIT experiment (20 new modules added to the existing detector (12 NaI and 8 CeBr_3)).
- Smaller segments help to identify the direction of the electron and reduce electron background
- Better energy resolution with CeBr_3 segments to identify low-lying discrete levels without the need for an additional high-resolution experiment.

Conclusions

- Application of technique to infer neutron capture cross sections on short-lived neutron-rich nuclei ongoing.
- Applicable to studies of rapid-neutron capture process, intermediate neutron capture process, slow-neutron capture process, and stewardship science.
 - Studies of sensitive i-process nuclei.
 - Stockpile stewardship analysis on neutron-rich Sr isotopes in progress
- Investigation of spin dependence of strength function using isomeric states in ^{70}Cu – analysis in progress.
- Funding supported one graduate student and one postdoctoral researcher strongly connected to the national laboratories.



Acknowledgements



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G. W. Misch, M. Mumpower, T. Sprouse



P. A. DeYoung



S. Lyons



A. Richard



K. Childers



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Questions?



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