

Texas Veterinary Medical Diagnostic Laboratory

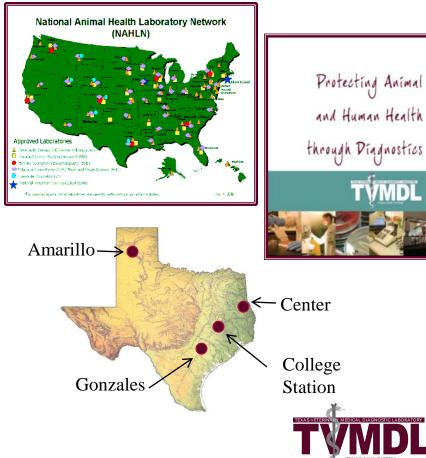
DHS University Summit
Biological Systems for Foreign Animal and Zoonotic
Diseases

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Director
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Protecting Animal and Human Health through Diagnostics

TVMDL: Who We Are

- State agency dedicated to providing veterinary diagnostic services to the citizens of Texas
- Service-based organization
 - Backbone of Texas animal and emerging/zoonotic disease surveillance program
 2008-1.4 million tests
- Facilities and staff at four locations throughout the state: Staff: 155
- National Animal Health Laboratory
 Network Lab
 - One of twelve core members of National Animal Health Laboratory Network Laboratories (NAHLN)
 - BSL-3 capacity
 - ✓ Surveillance (BSE, bird flu, chronic wasting disease)



TVMDL Mission



 Promote animal health and protect agricultural, companion animal and public health interests in Texas and beyond, by providing excellence in veterinary diagnostic services:



- Provide veterinary medical diagnostic services to the citizens of Texas
- Reduce costs and suffering associated with animal diseases
- Contribute to an animal and zoonotic disease surveillance system
- Respond to potential high consequence and/or emerging/zoonotic disease events
- Contribute to the benefits of healthy human/animal interactions





National Animal Health Laboratory Network (NAHLN) Plum Island Newark Georgetown Little Rock Tucson Albuquerque Baton College Approved Laboratories Kissimmee Newcastle Disease (ND)/Avian Influenza (AI) Scrapie/Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) *Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE) *Classical Swine Fever (CSF)/*Foot and Mouth Disease (RMD) Vesicular Stomatitis (VS)

National Veterinary Services Laboratories



Founding Principles and Features of NAHLN

- Standardized, rapid diagnostic techniques
- Trained personnel, modern equipment
- Quality standards, proficiency testing
- Secure communication, alert, reporting system
- Adequate facility biosafety/biosecurity levels
- Scenario testing



NAHLN



Mission

- Provide accessible, timely, accurate, and consistent animal disease laboratory services nationwide
- Provide laboratory data to meet epidemiological and disease reporting needs
- Maintain the capacity and capability to provide laboratory services in support of responses to foreign animal disease outbreaks or other adverse animal health events
- Focus on diseases of livestock (exotic, zoonotic, and emerging diseases)

Key Elements

- Capability and capacity to conduct nationwide surveillance, surge and recovery testing for an animal disease outbreak
- Secure communication, alert, and reporting systems
- National training, proficiency testing, and quality assurance
- Modern equipment and experienced personnel

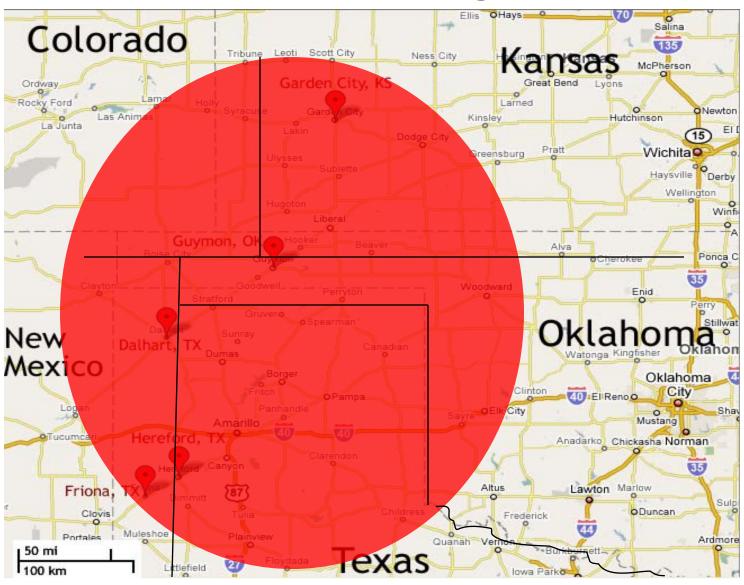








Major Livestock Production Region





Laboratory Surge Capacity and Other Challenges



- Challenges:
 - Supporting surveillance zone testing, large demand for laboratory surge capacity
 - Early detection/directly linked to controlling the spread
 - Surveillance, response and recovery
 - High throughput analysis, reproducible assays
 - Testing for movement control/stop/permitting
 - "Point of care" diagnostics?
 - Permitting movement to slaughter/home?
 - Readily available reagents
 - DIVA vaccines and companion diagnostics











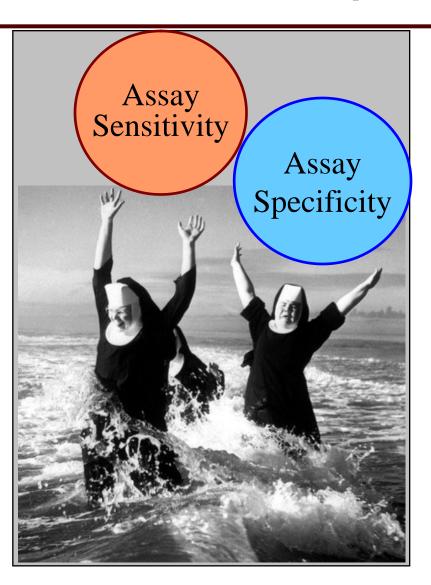
The Road Ahead: Challenges and Technological Needs

Technologies of the Future

- Lab-based technologies
 - Early detection and characterization of newly emerging diseases/strains
 - High-throughput (HTP) Capability
- "Field" Based Detection Technologies
 - "Point of Care" Diagnostics



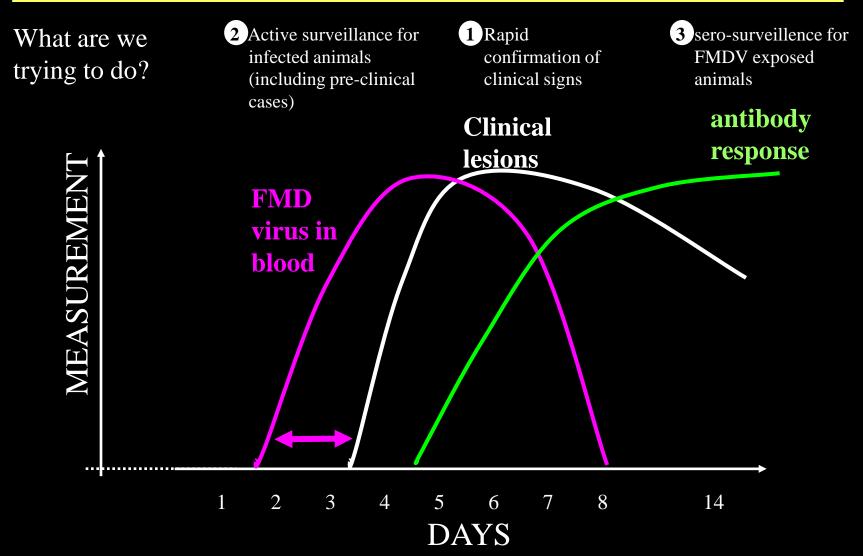
New Assay Formats/Technology Requirements



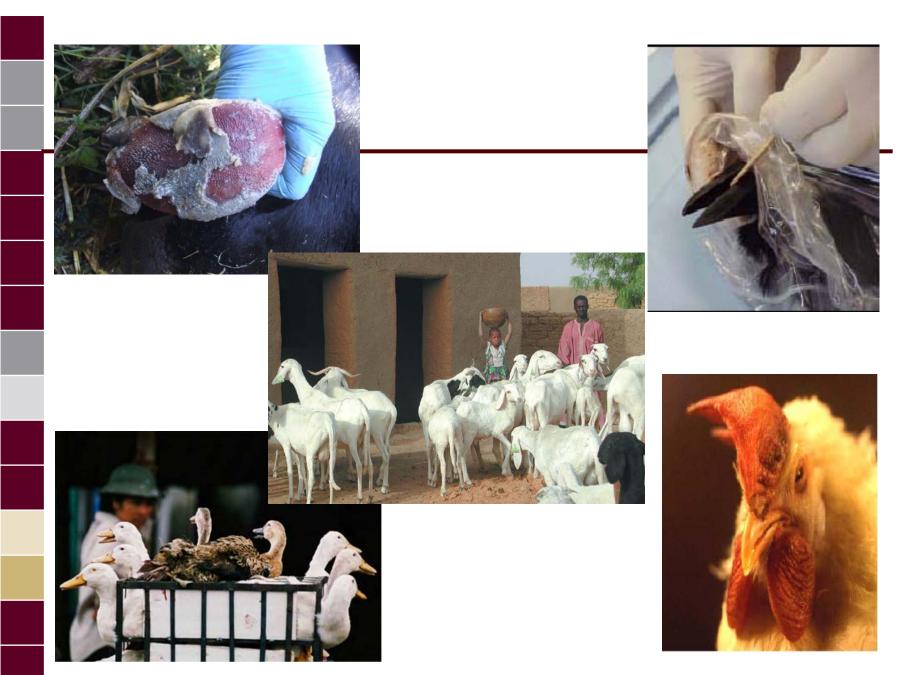
Performance

- Limit of Detection
- Ability to identify strain/serotype
- Speed
- Scalability
- Cost
- Reliability
- Quality, readily available reagents

Diagnostic windows



Representative "in contact" cattle data from Alexandersen et al., 2003 and unpublished data from IAH



FAZD Center Development/Technology Transfer

- Tools for early detection, surge and recovery testing
 - NAHLN
 - High-throughput surgecapacity robotic diagnostic tests
 - FMD replicons-mass scale ELISA for use in recovery
 - FMD and RVF
 - Readily available, reproducible reagents
 - Improved H5 ELISA and fluorescent microsphere based multiplex diagnostics
 - Efficient sub-typing of AI
 - 384 well format for surge response
 - Competitive ELISA
 - DIVA technologies







FAZD Center Development/Technology Transfer





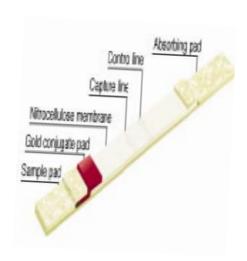




FAZD Center Development/Technology Transfer

- "Point of Care" Diagnostics
 - Movement control
 - Preliminary premise diagnosis





FAZD Center/NAHLN Laboratory Collaboration

- FAZD Center discovery/development of new technologies
 - Addressing all stages, technological requirements of disease response
- NAHLN laboratory validation of assays
 - Aid in transfer of technology/CVB approval package
 - Negative cohort testing
 - Assay specificity
 - Validation of standard operating procedures





Summary

- FAZD Center work critical in developing and transfer of novel technologies that can be utilized in "field" and in the NAHLN laboratory
 - Technologies that address stages of disease surveillance, response and recovery
- NAHLN laboratories can play significant role in feasibility, validation and licensing studies



Ultimately it is all about "Business Continuity"-Getting our producers and the industry "back in the business" of feeding the nation and the world



A Special Thank You



- Ross Wilson, Texas Cattle Feeders Association
- Ken Horton, Texas Pork Producers Association
- John Cowan, Texas Association of Dairymen
- Dr. Bob Hillman, Texas Animal Health Commission
- Dr. Dee Ellis, Texas Animal Health Commission





