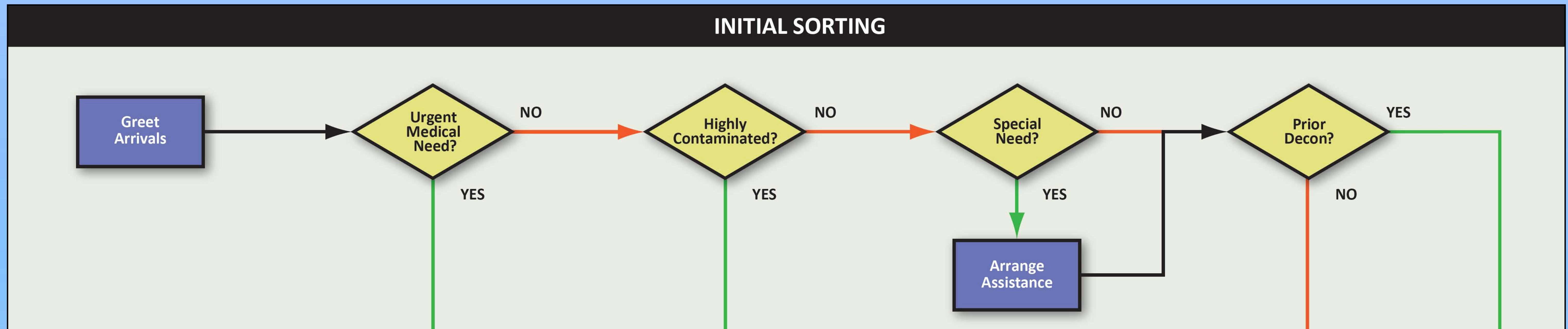


# Initial Sorting Station



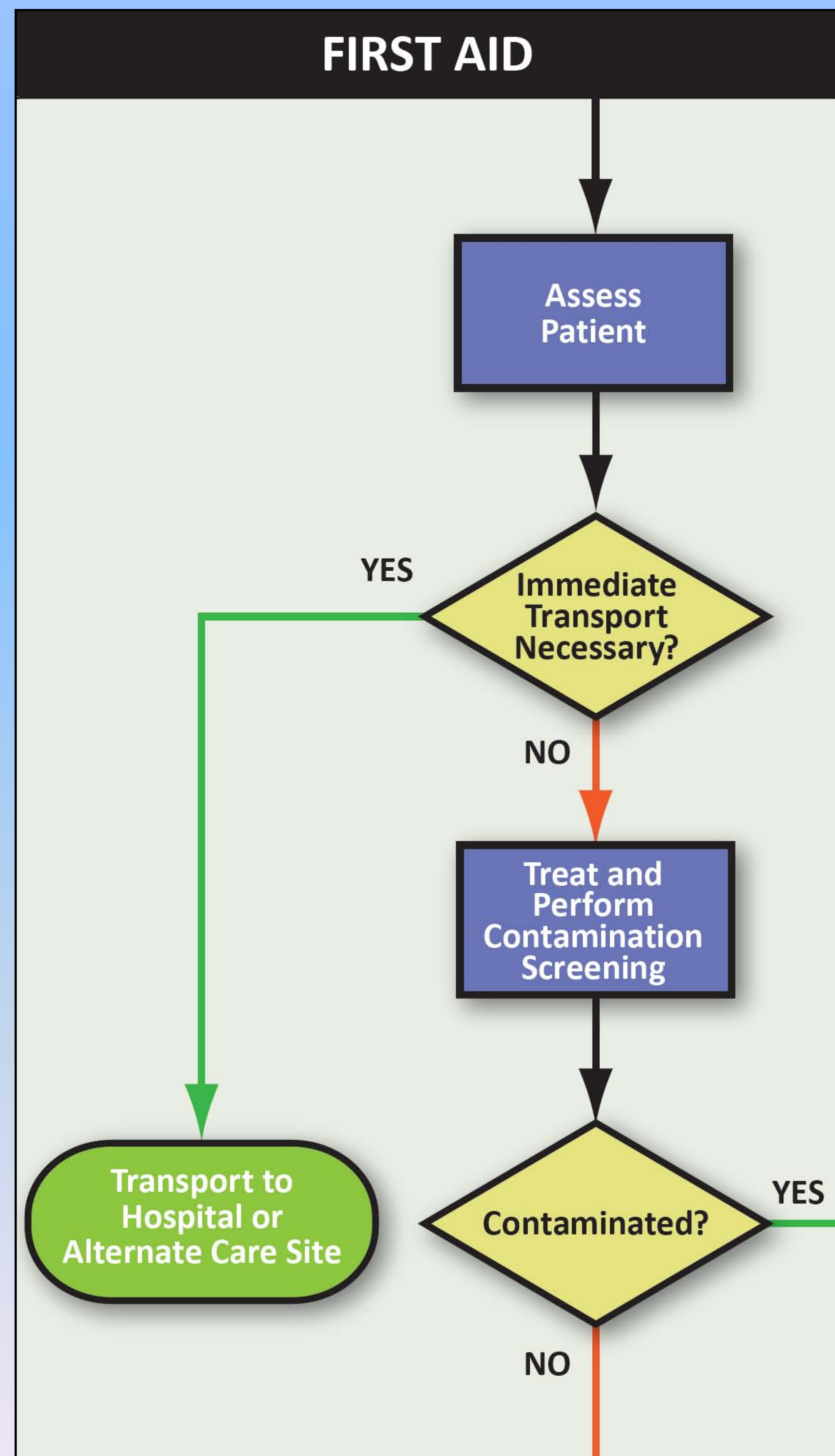
## Staff identify people who have:

- Urgent medical needs
- High levels of contamination
- Special needs
- Prior decontamination





# First Aid Station

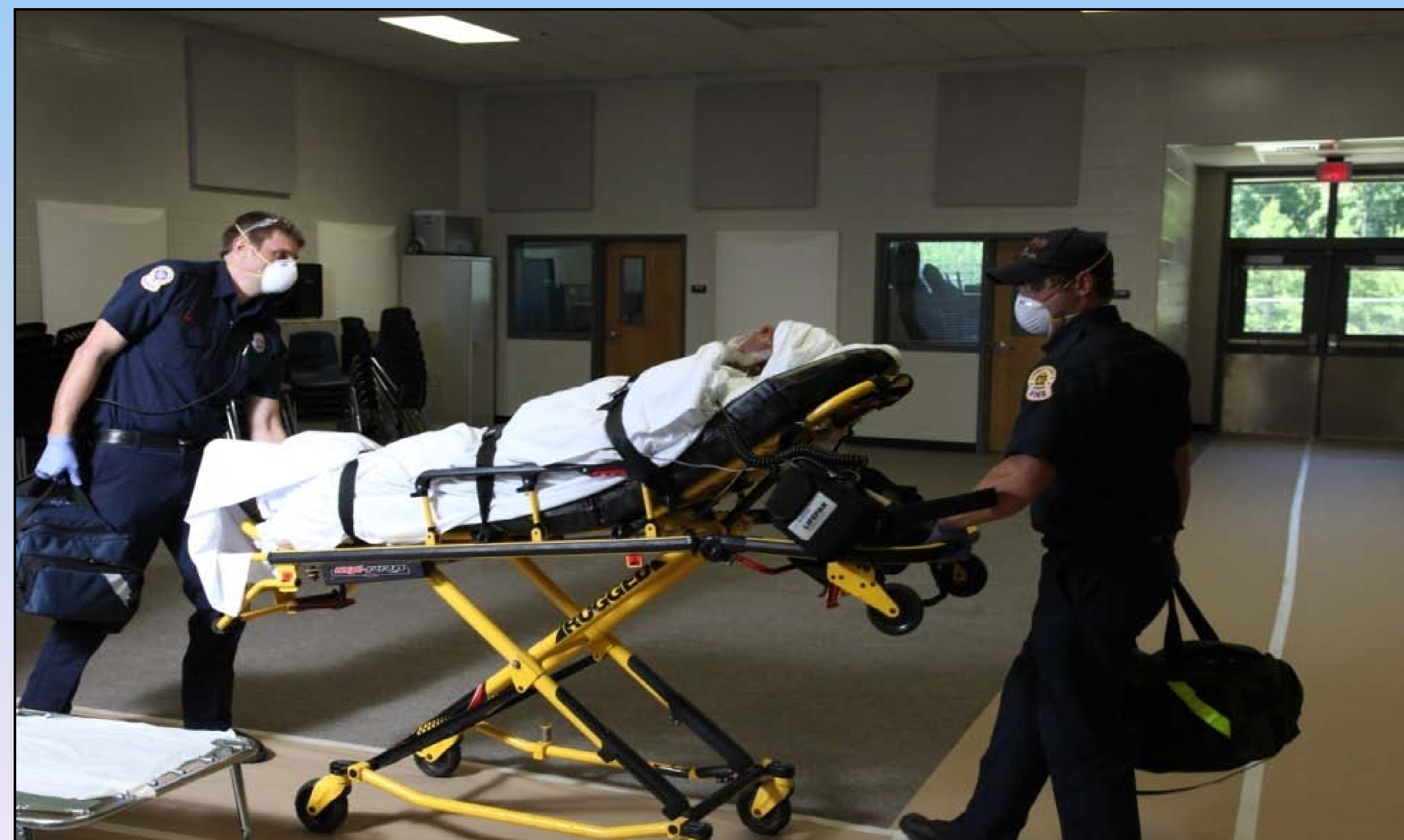


## Medical staff provide immediate care

- Treat minor injuries on-site
- Arrange emergency transport for severe illness or injury

## Life saving care takes priority

- Do not delay transport for decontamination

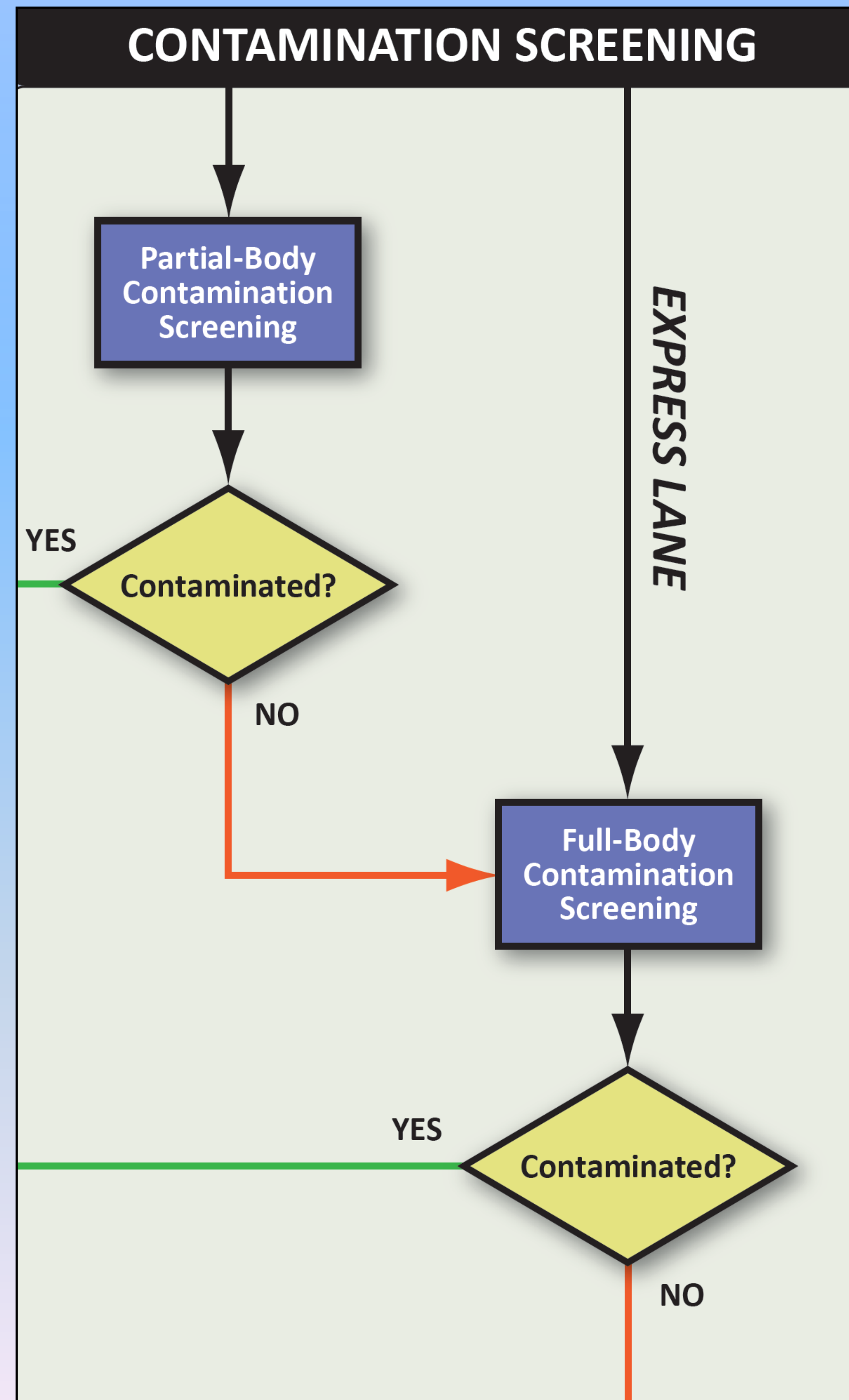




# Contamination Screening Station

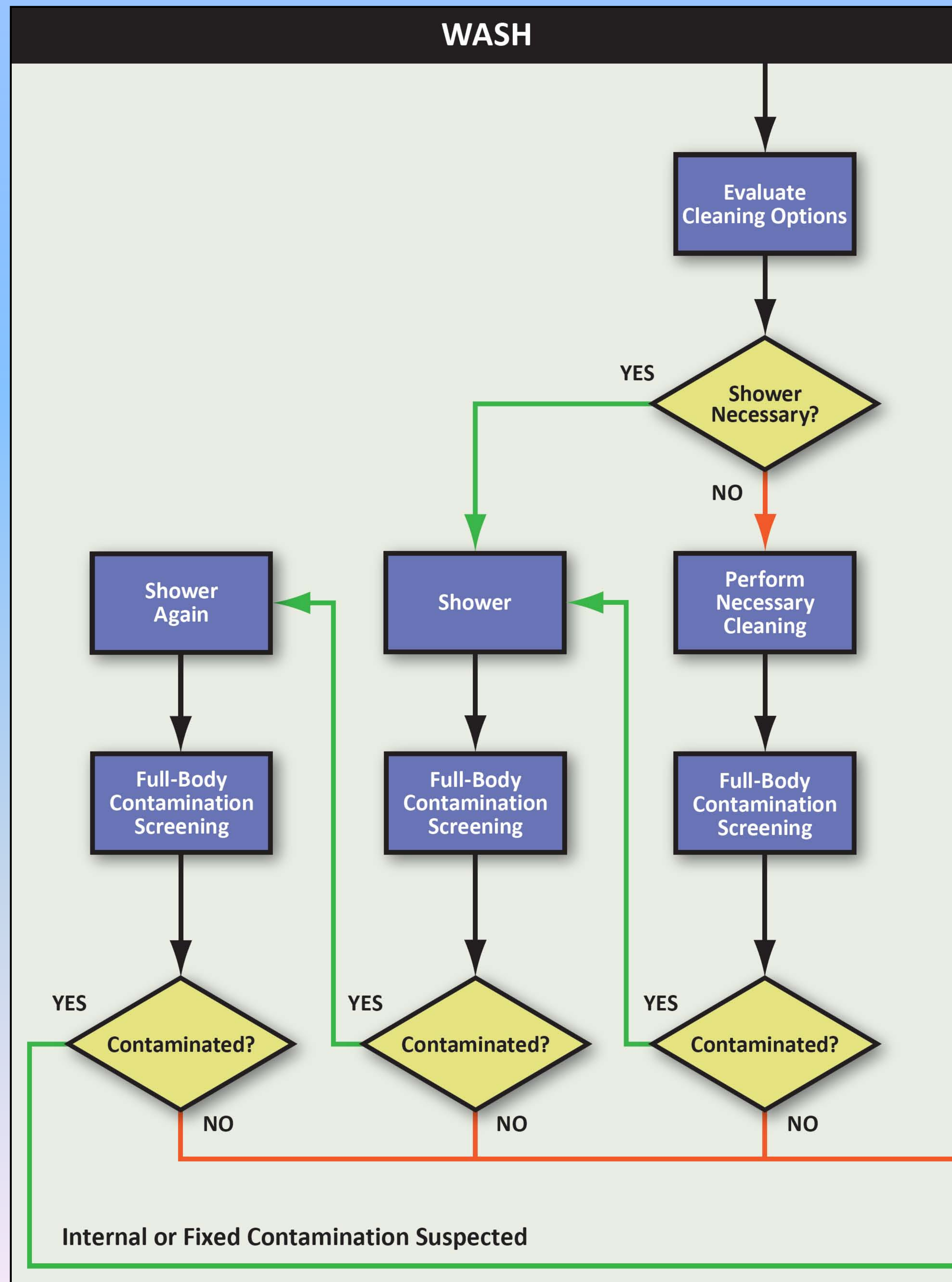
## Staff screen people for contamination

- Handheld instruments or portal monitors
- Express lane for people with prior decontamination
- Consult state radiation control authority for guidance





# Wash Station



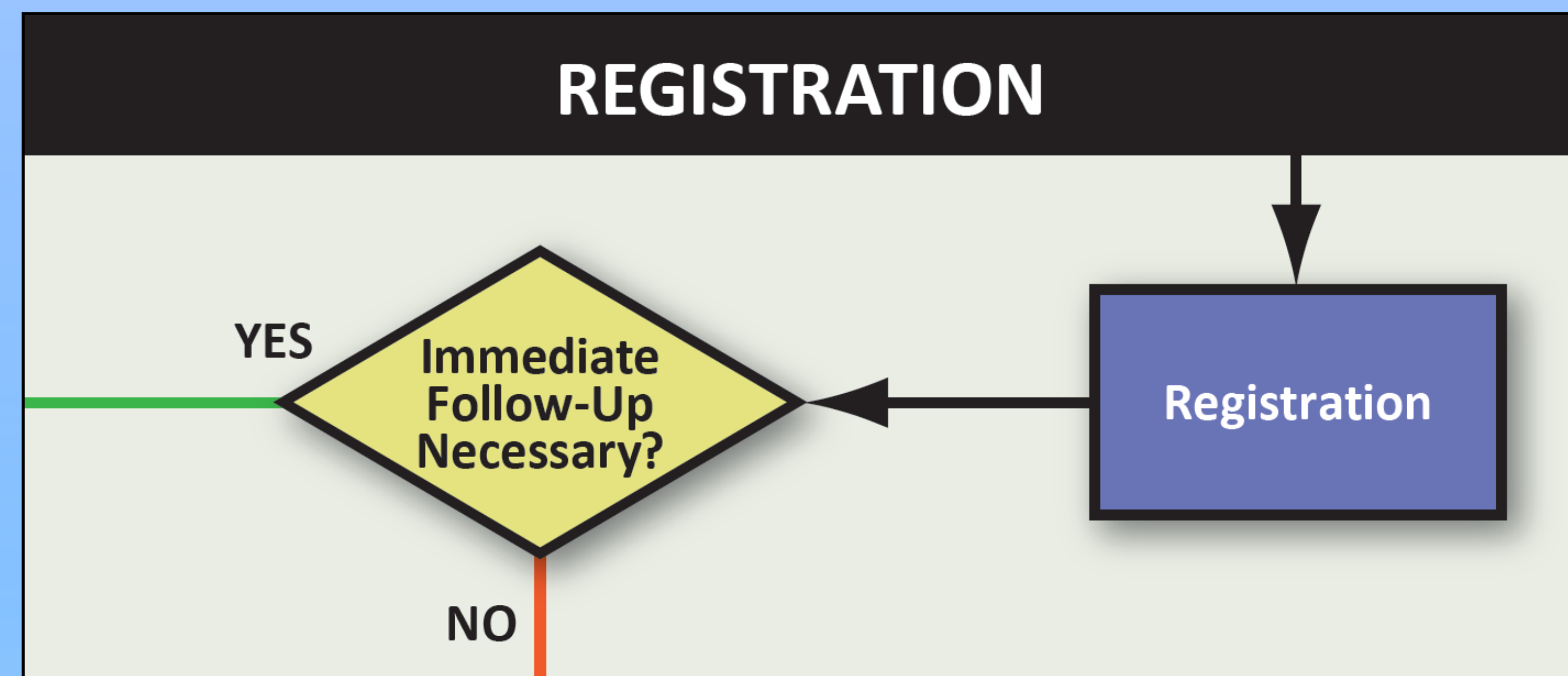
## Staff facilitate showering:

- People wash themselves
- Indoor shower facilities or mobile decontamination units
- Some may need multiple showers
- Full-body contamination screening before going to Registration Station





# Registration Station



## Staff use epidemiological tools to:

- Establish a registry
- Determine need for immediate follow-up at Radiation Dose Assessment Station

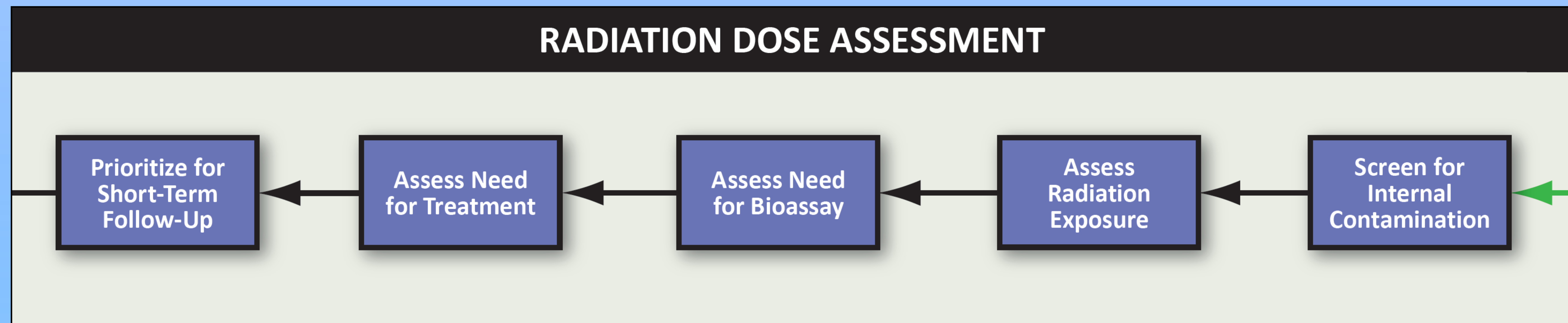
## Information collected includes:

- Demographic information
- Destination
- Proximity to event
- Time in affected area





# Radiation Dose Assessment Station



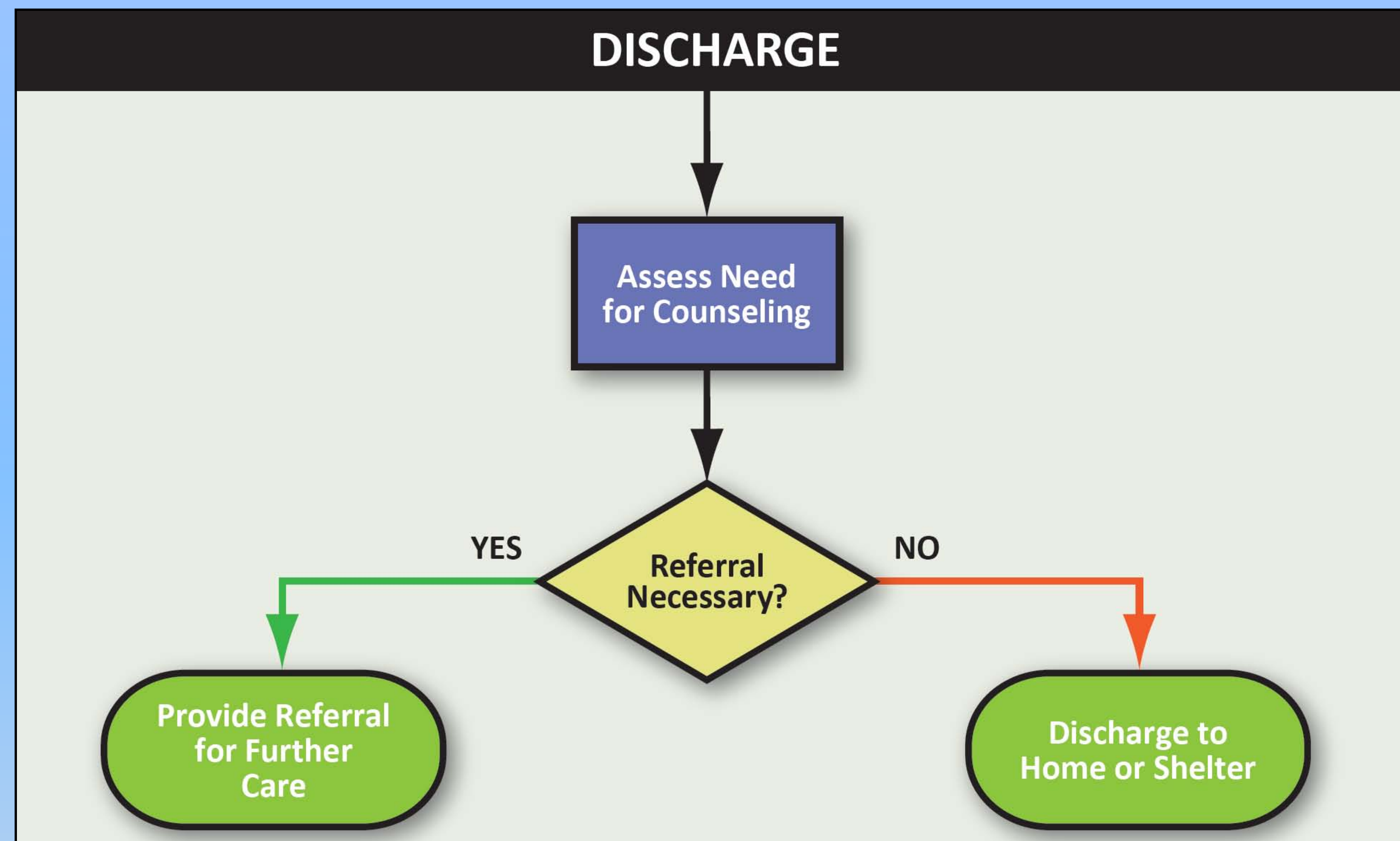
## Clinical and health physics staff:

- Screen for internal contamination
- Assess radiation exposure
- Assess need for bioassay
- Assess need for treatment
- Prioritize for short-term follow-up





# Discharge Station



## Staff provide information for people leaving the CRC

- Assess need for counseling
- Discharge to home or shelter
- Provide referral for further care