

Performance and durability of PSA Peugeot Citroën's DPF System on a Taxi Fleet in the Paris Area

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Outlines of the presentation

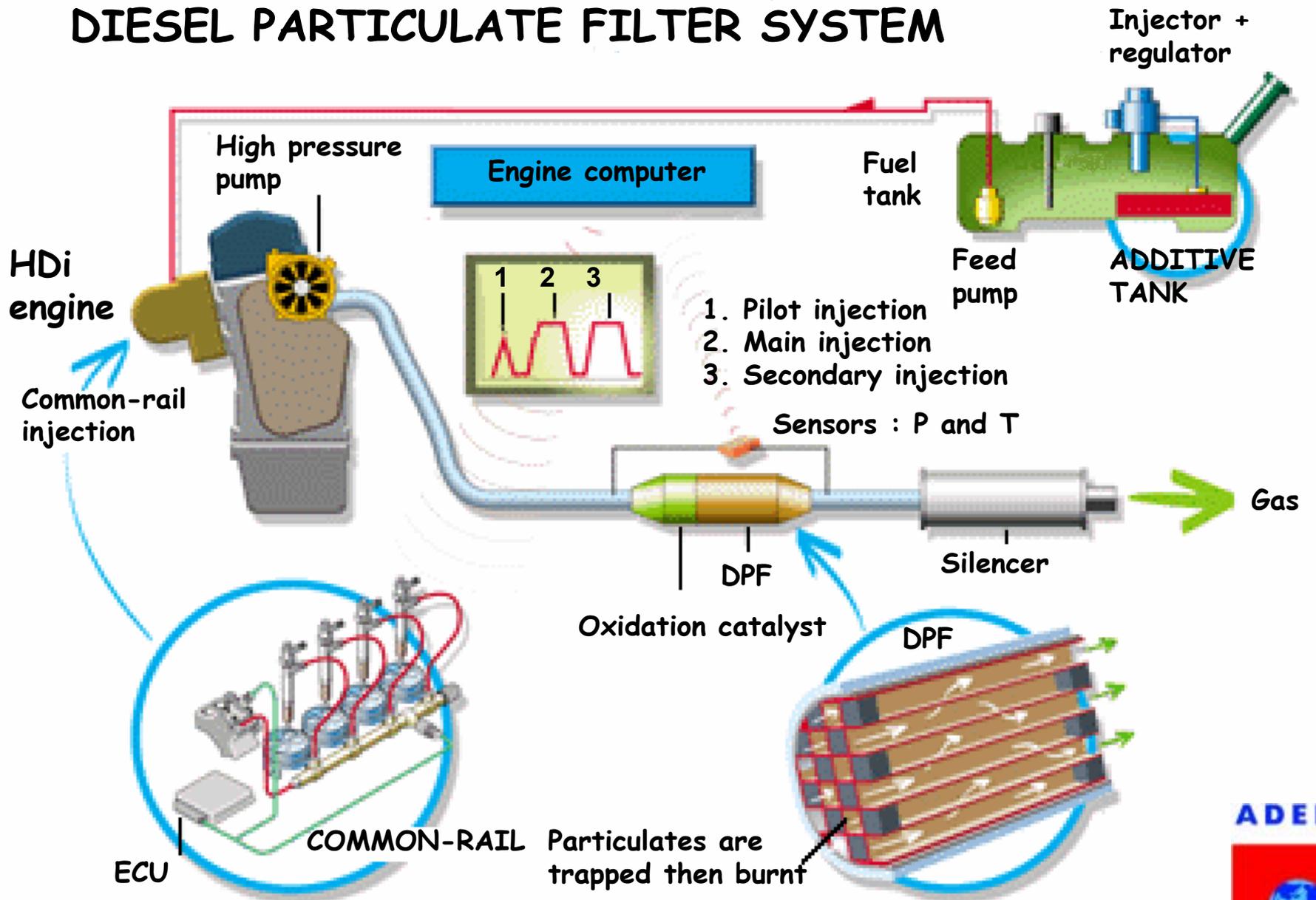
- **Objectives**
- **Methodology of the program**
- **Regulated exhaust emissions**
 - Accumulation phase
 - Regeneration phase
- **Non-regulated exhaust emissions**
 - Gaseous emissions
 - Solid particles emissions
- **Conclusions**



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DIESEL PARTICULATE FILTER SYSTEM





Objectives of the study

The objectives are:

- to follow performance of 5 Peugeot 607 taxis running in Paris traffic over 80,000 km



- under severe conditions (low speed, long idle period, urban traffic jam, low exhaust temperature...)

- on the exhaust emissions

- in term of efficiency and durability of the PSA's DPF System





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Evaluation programmes

- Five vehicles using a standard European Diesel fuel (350ppm sulfur)
- Characterizations and evaluation every 20,000 km over 80,000 km (EURO 3 standard requirement in durability)
- Regulated pollutants (CO, HC, NOx, particulates) over the MVEG Cycle
- Fuel consumption (MVEG and Field Operation)
- Non-Regulated Emissions
- Durability and reliability of the DPF System





Evaluation methodology

Start January 2001



1st test
5600km

4 months

8 months

80 000 km

Preliminary results were presented during
the 2002 SAE Powertrain & Fluid Systems Conf.
SAE Paper # 2002-01-2790



120,000km

DPF Cleaning
And remanufacturing



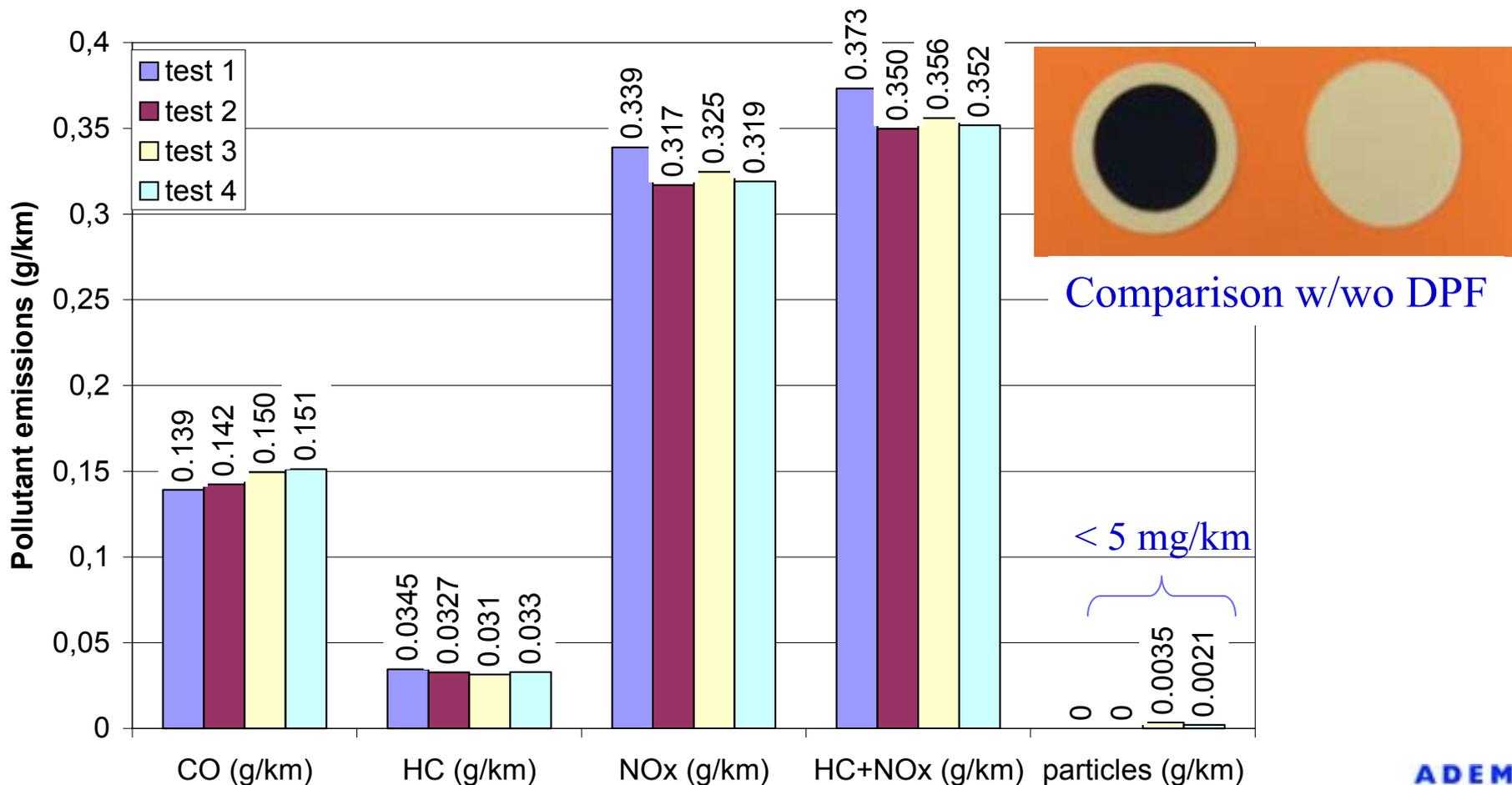


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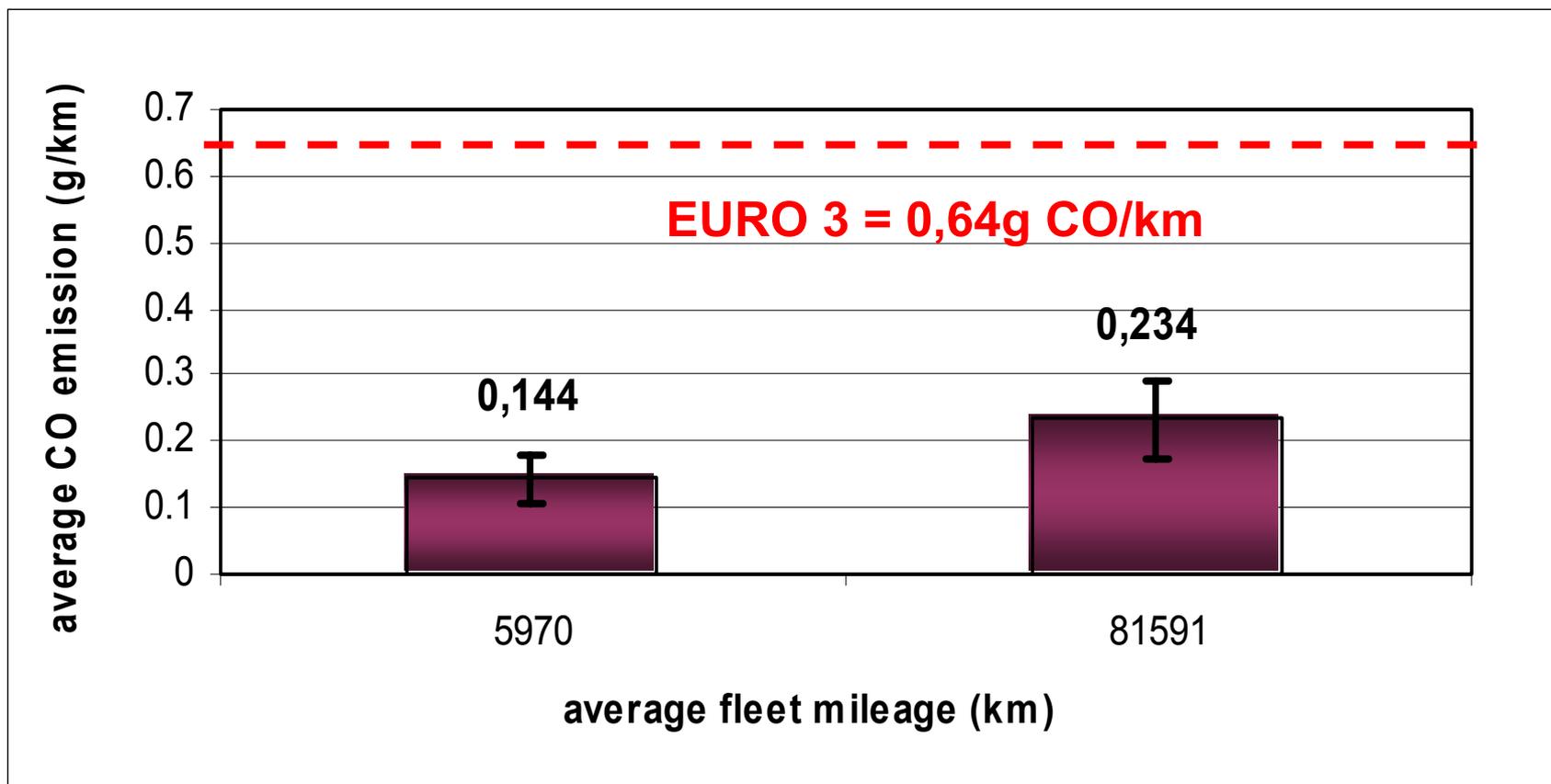


Test Repeatability (taxi 2041, fresh)



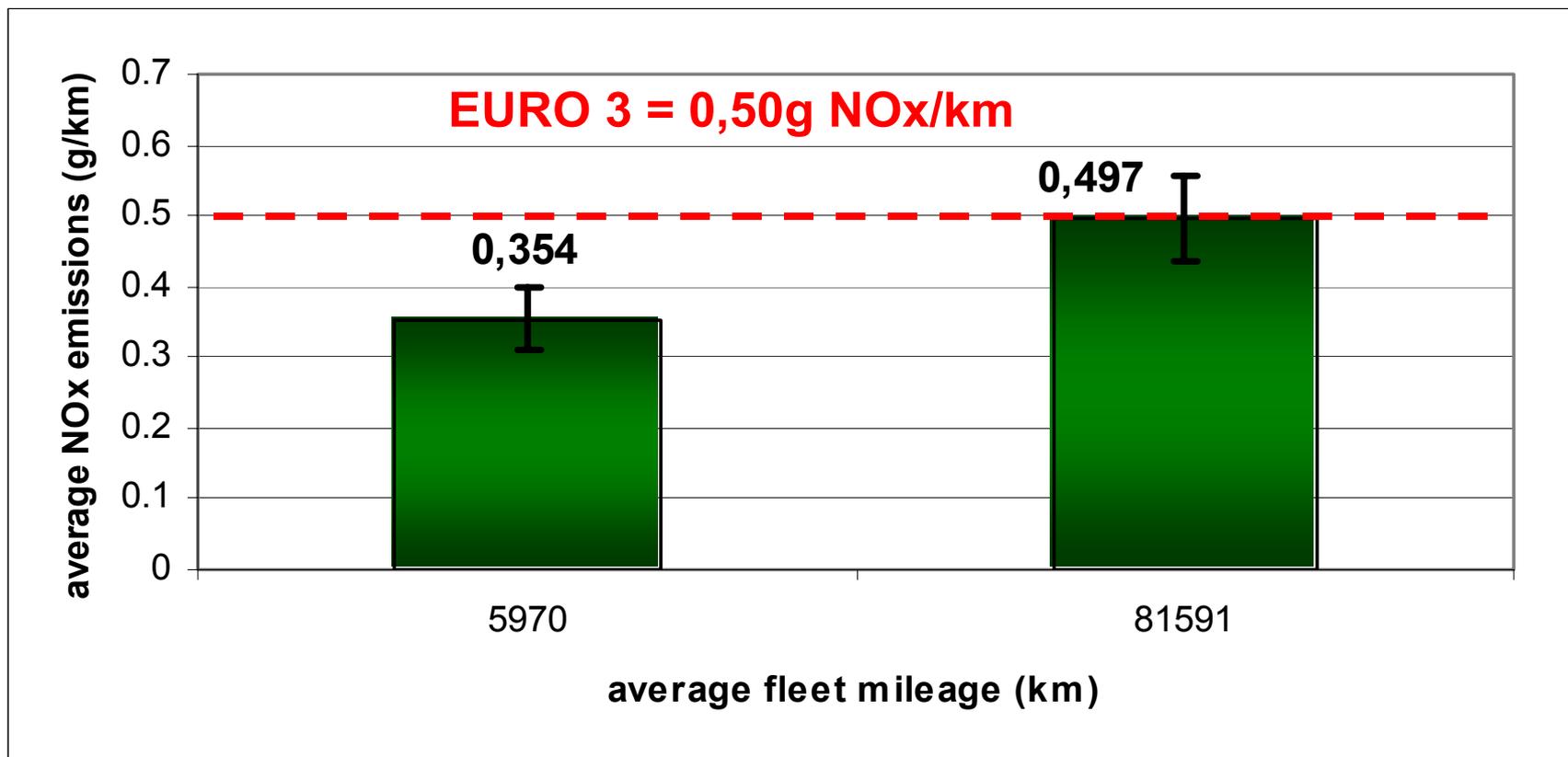


CO exhaust emissions



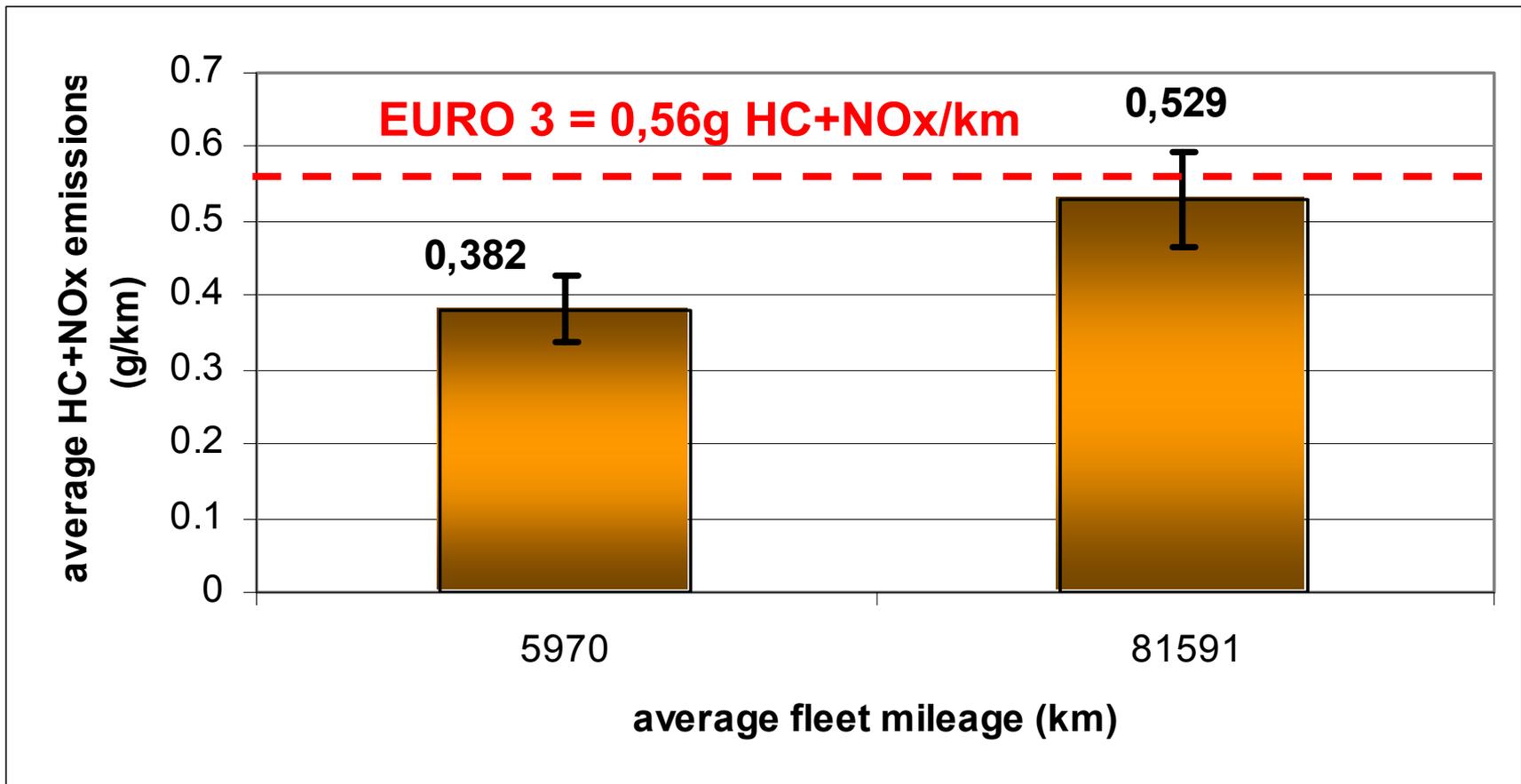


NOx exhaust emissions



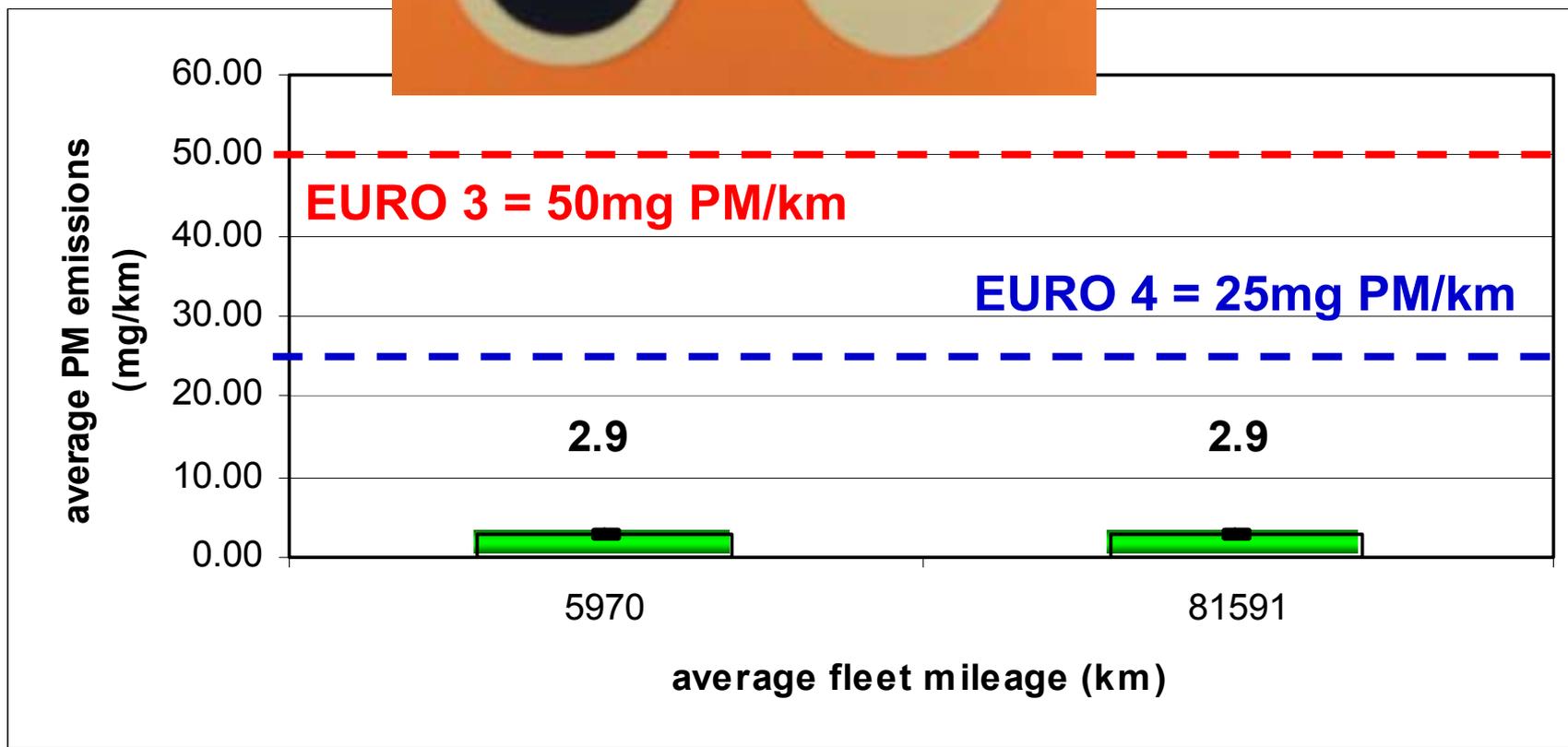


HC+NO_x exhaust emissions



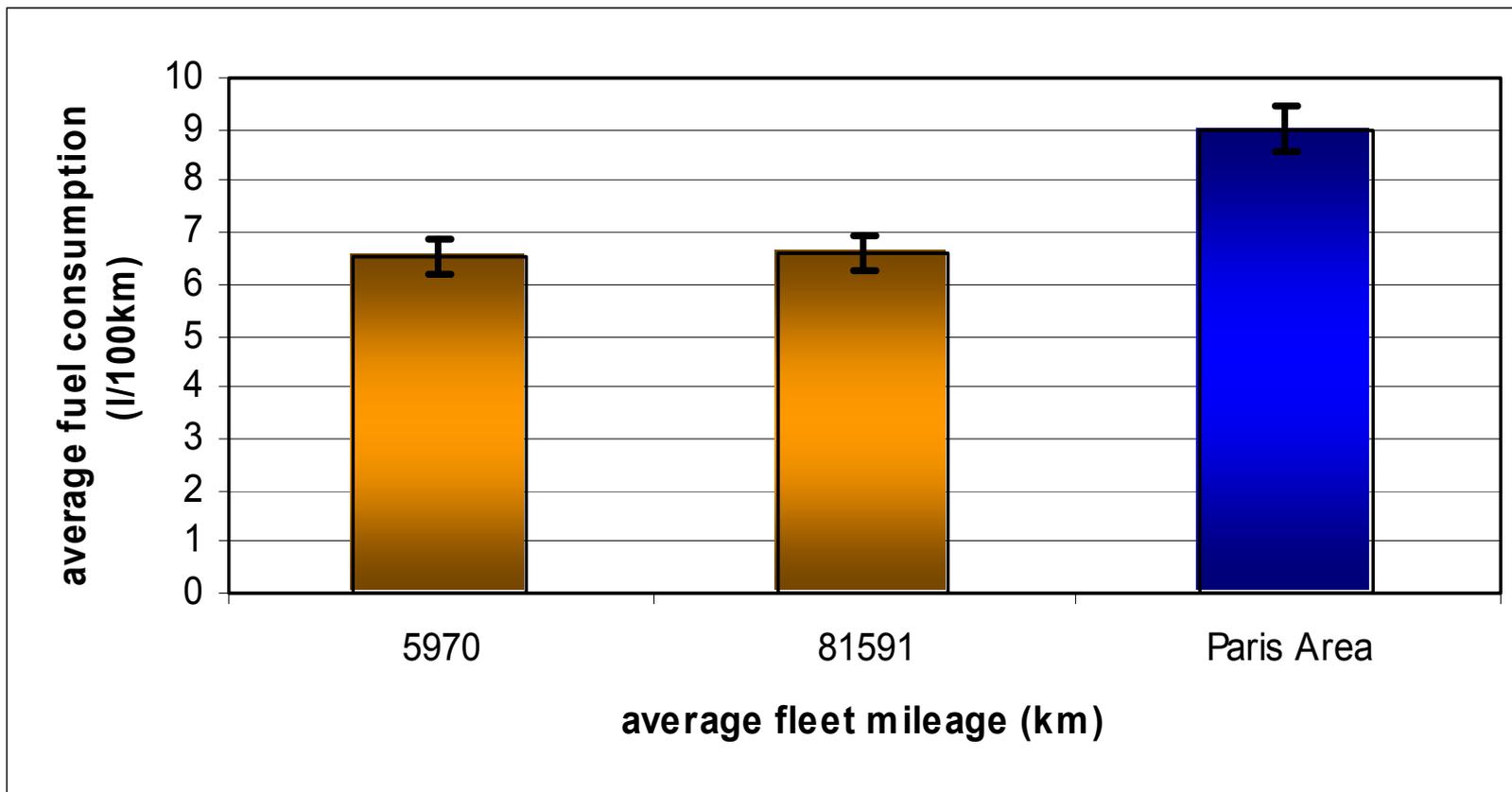


PM exhaust emissions



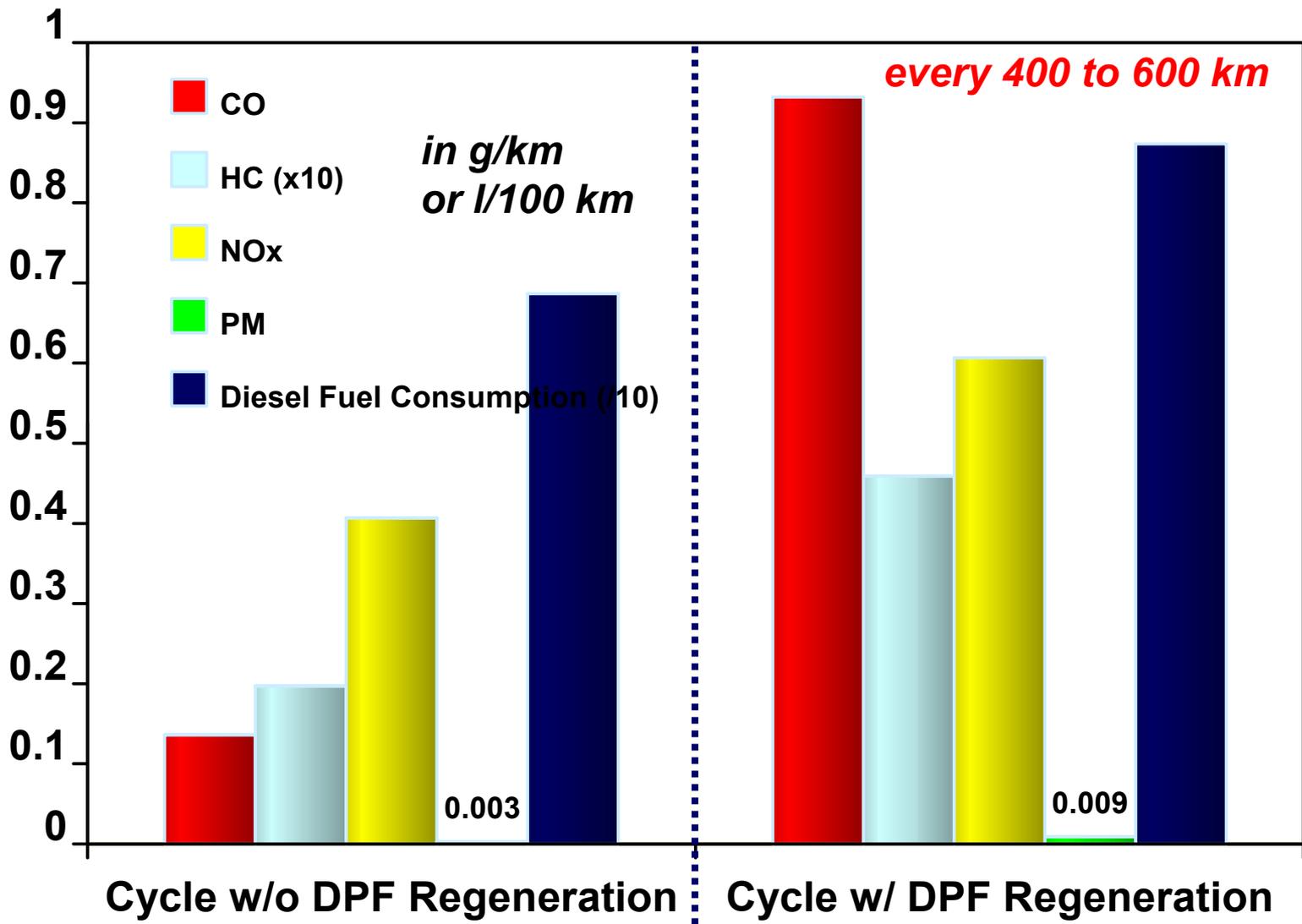


Average Fuel Consumptions





Emissions during DPF Regeneration





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Non-Regulated Emissions

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Solid particles emissions

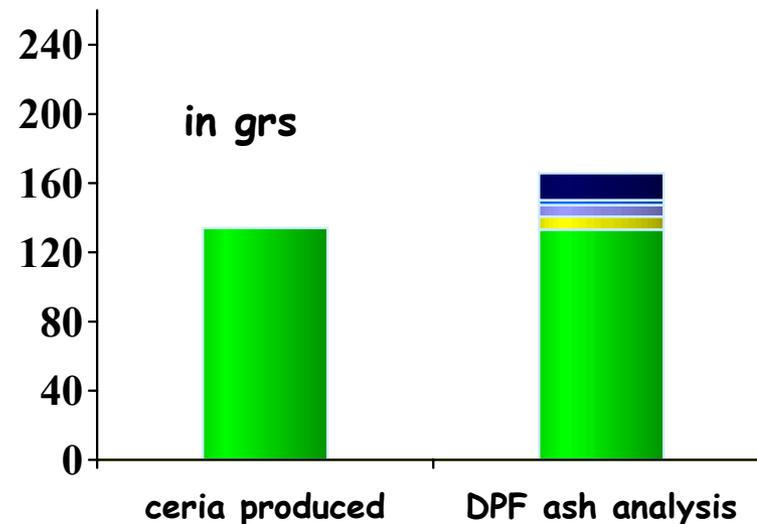
Very Low level of Particle emissions after the DPF:

- Sulfur: 2 to 7 ng depending on the vehicle
- Potassium or Calcium: 0,2 ng
- Iron and Nickel: traces
- Ceria: undetectable (even using PIXE analysis)

**Total Inorganic Ash analysis
after 91200 km**

*Good agreement
in Ceria balance,
and consistent with
the VERT Certification*

■ Cerium ■ Calcium ■ Iron ■ Zinc ■ Sulfates





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Conclusions

The « FAP » technology limits the particulate matter emissions under 5 mg/km over the MVEG cycle (far below the EURO 4 PM standards)

Even during DPF regenerations, the particulate emissions remain below the EURO 4 limitation

Non-regulated emissions are reduced by the DPF System under significant proportion

No Cerium leakage through the SiC-DPF

The efficiency, durability and reliability were demonstrated over 80000 km, even under severe driving cycle conditions (low speed, long idle)

Next step : durability at 120,000 km trap after re-manufacturing



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